

# Species Datasheet

Datasheet No. G-003.001.001  
(family.genus.species)

## 1.Taxon:

Species: *Ginkgo biloba* L.

Subspecies:

Variety:

Cultivar:

Hybrid:

Image file

**2. Synonyms:** *Ginkgo biloba* f. *aurea* (J.Nelson) Beissn., *G. biloba* var. *aurea* (J.Nelson) A.Henry, *G. biloba* var. *epiphylla* Makino, *G. biloba* var. *fastigiata* A.Henry, *G. biloba* f. *fastigiata* (A.Henry) Rehder, *G. biloba* var. *laciniata* (Carriere) Carriere, *G. biloba* f. *laciniata* (Carriere) Beissn., *G. biloba* f. *microsperma* Sugim., *G. biloba* f. *parvifolia* Sugim., *G. biloba* f. *pendula* (Van Geert) Beissn., *G. biloba* var. *pendula* (Van Geert) Carriere, *G. biloba* var. *variegata* (Carriere) Carriere, *G. biloba* f. *variegata* (Carriere) Beissn., *G. macrophylla* K.Koch, *Pterophyllum salisburiensis* J.Nelson, *Salisburia adiantifolia* Sm., *S. adiantifolia* var. *laciniata* Carriere, *S. adiantifolia* var. *pendula* Van Geert, *S. adiantifolia* var. *variegata* Carriere, *S. biloba* (L.) Hoffmanns., *S. ginkgo* Rich., *S. macrophylla* Reyn.

## 3.Systematic Position:

Christenhusz et al. (2011)

- Class: Equisetopsida C. Agardh
- Subclass: Ginkgoidae Engl.
- Order: GinkgoalesGorozh.
- Family: Ginkgoaceae Engl.
- Genus: *Ginkgo*L.
- Species: *G. biloba*L.

Bentham and Hooker (1880)

- Kingdom: Plantae  
Division: Phanerogamia  
Class: Gymnospermeae  
Ordo: Coniferae  
Genus: *Ginkgo*L.  
Species: *G. biloba*L.

## 4.Distribution:

**Global:** Native to South-Eastern China, common in the gardens of North America and Europe, India, Japan

**India:** West Bengal

## 5.Indigenous/Exotic/Endemic;Cultivated/Wild:Cultivated

## 6.ThreatStatus:

**IUCN:**Endangered

**BSI:**

**7.Habit and Habitat:**Large evergreen tree, {20-35 m tall};Scattered in broadleaved forests up to 1,100 m. This is the only species in the genus. It is long-living and has an ancient geological record, appearing in the Jurassic.

**8.LifeForm:**Phanerophytes

**9.EconomicImportance:**Wood is used for making Chess-boards and chess-men in China and Japan. Roasted seeds are eaten during feasts and said to help in digestion and diminish the effects of wine. A medicine viz. ‘Bilovas’ prepared form this plant is taken orally for diabetic memory- loss.

**10. Probable Progenitor of:**

**11.DNA**

<b>C-value</b>	<b>Methodology</b>
2C (19.86 pg) <sup>18</sup>	Feulgenmicrodensitometry <sup>18</sup>
2C (19.80 pg) <sup>30</sup>	Feulgenmicrodensitometry <sup>30</sup>
2C (19.50 pg) <sup>31</sup>	Flow cytometry <sup>31</sup>
2C (21.60 pg) <sup>32</sup>	Flow cytometry <sup>32</sup>
2C (23.50 pg) <sup>33</sup>	Flow cytometry <sup>33</sup>

**12.Basic chromosome number(s):** $x=12^{1,2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28}$

**13. Zygotic chromosome number(s):**  $2n=24$  1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 39 ,  
48 (sporadic)<sup>21</sup>

**14. Gametic chromosome number(s):**  $n=12$  <sup>10,15,24, 26, 28</sup>

**15. Specialized chromosomes (B chromosomes/Sex chromosomes/Polytene**

**chromosomes/Neocentric chromosomes):** Sex chromosomes<sup>4,5, 13,16, 19, 29</sup>

Image file

**16. Ploidy level:** Diploid<sup>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 39</sup> , Tetraploid (sporadic)<sup>21</sup>

Image file

**17. Agametoploidy:**

**18. Nature of polyploidy (auto, segmental, allo, autoallo):**

**19. Genomic formula:**

**20. Aberrant chromosome number(s)(aneuploidy, aneusomy, polysomy):**

**21. Somatic chromosomes:** 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 29

**Karyotype** Majority metacentric/subtelocentric chromosomes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 29

**Chromosome size** Large<sup>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 29</sup>

**NOR chromosome(s)** 3 (male), 4 (female) <sup>16</sup>

**Degree of asymmetry** Asymmetrical, bimodal<sup>1, 2, 3,4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 29</sup>

Image file

**22. Banding pattern(s):** C-banding <sup>1,5,10, 22</sup>

Silver staining<sup>5, 10, 16</sup>

G-banding <sup>2, 3</sup>

Heterochromatic CMA bands<sup>10,16</sup>

Image file

## **23.Physical mapping of , chromosomes:**

**In situ hybridization** 5S rRNA, 35S rRNA Southern blot <sup>9</sup>

Image file

**Fluorescent in situ hybridization** 26S-5.8S-18S rRNA and 5S rRNA genes <sup>16, 34</sup>, 5S rRNA, 1.8 kb IGS rDNA<sup>8</sup> , Sex chromosomes<sup>29</sup> ,18S-5.8S-26S rRNA genes <sup>10</sup> , telomeric sequence repeats Arabidopsis type 39

Image file

## **24.Genomicinsituhybridization:**

Image file

## **25. Linkage map:** <sup>40</sup>

Image file

## **26.Chromosome associations:**

**Female meiosis**

**Male meiosis:** 12 II<sup>10</sup>

Image file

## **27.Chromosome distribution at anaphase I:**

## **28. Genetic diversity:**

**Chromosomal level**

Image file

**DNA level**<sup>14,15,27</sup>

## **29.Any other information (Apomixis; Inversion; Male sterility;Pollen grain mitosis; Pollen stainability;Translocationetc):**